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THOMSON FINANCIAL

SECURIA LEGISLA GE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

2005

January 31, 2007

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OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereupder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	1/1/04	AND ENDING	12/31/04
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	SISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
MISCHLER FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)			FIRM I.D. NO.
1101 BAYSIDE DRIVEW SUITE	201		
CORONA DEL MAR, CA 92625	(No. and Street)	,	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE WALTER M. MISCHLER, CHAIR		EGARD TO THIS R	EPORT 720-0640
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W	whose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
2603 MAIN STREET, SUITE &	(Name – if individual, state last, fir.)	st, middle name) 32614	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Kk Certified Public Accountant			•
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in Unit	ted States or any of its posses	sions.	
· <u> </u>	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	ILY	
	4		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, WALT	ER M. MISCHLER 🛇		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge MISC	and belief the accompanying financi	ial statement and support INC.	orting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of DECE	MBER 31	. 20 ^{0 4} . are t	rue and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	mpany nor any partner, proprietor, proly as that of a customer, except as fol	rincipal officer or direc	tor has any proprietary interest in any account
		Watt	uM MinhL Signature
Λ	. 4	WALTE	R M.MISCHLER
\mathcal{A}	A / // I	CHAIR	MAN & CEO
SHERYL This report ** (a) Facing (b) Staten (c) Staten	Notary Public A. URTUSUASTEGUI, NOT contains (check all applicable boxes) g Page. nent of Financial Condition. nent of Income (Loss). nent of Changes in Financial Condition):	SHERYL A URTUSUASTEGUI Comm. # 1359150 NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA Orange County My Comm. Expires June 2, 2006
	nent of Changes in Stockholders' Equ		Proprietors' Capital.
☐ (f) Staten ☐ (g) Comp ☐ (h) Comp ☐ (i) Inform ☐ (j) A Rec	nent of Changes in Liabilities Subord utation of Net Capital. utation for Determination of Reserve nation Relating to the Possession or Conciliation, including appropriate exp	inated to Claims of Cre Requirements Pursuan Control Requirements Uplanation of the Compu	editors. It to Rule 15c3-3. Under Rule 15c3-3. Itation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
(k) A Reco	utation for Determination of the Rese conciliation between the audited and u lidation. ath or Affirmation.		er Exhibit A of Rule 1503-3. f Financial Condition with respect to methods of
(m) A cop	y of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	es found to exist or foun	d to have existed since the date of the previous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

MISCHLER FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. SEC ID No. 8-48067

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

As of December 31, 2004

with

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON AND SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

The report is filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as a **PUBLIC DOCUMENT**.



Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Mischler Financial Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mischler Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2004 you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mischler Financial Group, Inc. as of December 31, 2004 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statement of financial condition taken as a whole. The supplemental schedule of Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 Under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of December 31, 2004 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of financial condition, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement taken as a whole.

Irvine, California January 21, 2005 Corbin & Company LLP

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

ASSETS	December 31, 2004
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Commissions receivable Other receivables Prepaid expenses and other Total current assets	\$ 856,698 117,363 102,219 18,171 1,094,451
Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$150,248	15,760
Cash surrender value of life insurance policy	<u>77,279</u> \$ <u>1,187,490</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Ψ <u></u>
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commissions payable Total current liabilities	\$ 58,665 <u>171,426</u> <u>230,091</u>
Commitments	
Shareholders' equity: Convertible preferred Series A stock, no par value; 50,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding Common stock, no par value; 200,000 shares authorized; 10,000 shares issued and outstanding Contributed capital Receivable from shareholders Retained earnings Total shareholders' equity	100,000 261,578 (59,709) 655,530 957,399
	\$ <u>1,187,490</u>

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Organization</u>

Mischler Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in California on November 17, 1994 and was licensed by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") and commenced operations on March 17, 1995. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the NASD.

The Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis with another broker-dealer and, accordingly, is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 under the exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3.

Securities Transactions

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require customer securities transactions and the related income and expenses to be reported on a trade-date basis. The Company currently records these transactions on a settlement-date basis. The financial statement effect of recording these transactions at the settlement date rather than on the trade date is not material to the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004. These transactions are cleared by Merrill Lynch/Broadcort.

Registration

The Company must register with state departments which govern compliance with securities laws for the states in which it does business. The Company generates a substantial amount of commission income in the state of California. Various regulatory requirements exist in the state with which the Company must comply. Should the Company violate certain state securities laws, it could be prohibited from doing business in that state.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash

The Company occasionally maintains cash balances at certain financial institutions in excess of amounts insured by federal agencies. As of December 31, 2004, the Company maintained cash balances of approximately \$768,000 in excess of federally insured limits, of which approximately \$699,000 is privately insured through a securities broker.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Customers

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution and settlement of various customer securities and financial instrument transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet credit risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. The Company mitigates this risk by dealing with institutional investors through an extensive approval process.

The Company's commission receivables are primarily due from Merrill Lynch/Broadcort. The Company expects to collect amounts due because of the customer's history with the Company and the nature of the industry, although actual collections may differ.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximate fair value.

Other Receivables

Other receivables consists mainly of receivables from related parties of approximately \$82,000, income tax receivable of \$11,000, and other miscellaneous receivables of approximately \$9,000 at December 31, 2004.

Office Equipment

Office equipment consists of equipment, furniture and fixtures. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which is generally three years.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a C corporation for income tax purposes. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the financial statements, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates, in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. There were no deferred income tax assets or liabilities at December 31, 2004.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2004

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Long-Lived Assets

The Company's management assesses the recoverability of its long-lived assets by determining whether the depreciation of long-lived assets over their remaining lives can be recovered through projected undiscounted future cash flows. The amount of long-lived asset impairment, if any, is measured based on fair value and is charged to operations in the period in which long-lived asset impairment is determined by management. At December 31, 2004, the Company's management believes there is no impairment of its long-lived assets. There can be no assurance however, that market conditions will not change or demand for the Company's services will continue, which could result in impairment of long-lived assets in the future.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the recorded amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates made by the Company's management include but are not limited to, the collectibility of commissions receivable and other receivables and the realizability of office equipment through future operations. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – OFFICE EQUIPMENT

Office equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2004:

Furniture and fixtures Equipment	\$ 	61,459 104,549 166,008
Less accumulated depreciation		(150,248)
	¢	15 760

NOTE 3 - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK

No dividends may be declared on the common stock unless dividends are declared in equal amounts on all shares of convertible preferred stock. The convertible preferred stock has no voting rights and is convertible on a one-to-one basis into common stock based on certain events as defined in the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2004

NOTE 3 - CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK, continued

In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, the holders of the convertible preferred stock shall be entitled to a liquidation preference of \$10 per share before any payment or declaration and setting apart for payment of any amount shall be made with respect to the common stock. Further, after both the preferred shareholders and the common shareholders have been paid or credited \$10 per share, they will participate equally on a pro rata share-for-share basis in the remaining equity of the Company.

NOTE 4 – COMMITMENTS

Operating Leases

The Company leases research software, equipment and office space under noncancelable operating leases. Approximate annual future minimum rental payments are as follows:

Years Ended December 31,	
2005	\$ 192,000
2006	176,000
2007	69,000
	\$ 437.000

Indemnities and Guarantees

The Company has made certain indemnities and guarantees, under which it may be required to make payments to a guaranteed or indemnified party, in relation to certain transactions. The Company indemnifies its directors, officers, employees and agents to the maximum extent permitted under the laws of the State of California. As part of the trade execution agreements entered into by the Company with different trading partners, the Company indemnifies some of its trading partners for various performance and non-performance issues. In connection with its facility lease, the Company has indemnified its lessor for certain claims arising from the use of the facilities. The duration of the guarantees and indemnities varies, and in many cases is indefinite. These guarantees and indemnities do not provide for any limitation of the maximum potential future payments the Company could be obligated to make. Historically, the Company has not been obligated to make any payments for these obligations and no liabilities have been recorded for these indemnities and guarantees in the accompanying balance sheet.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of December 31, 2004

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLE FROM SHAREHOLDERS

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As of December 31, 2004, the Company was owed \$59,709 from its shareholders. The advances are due on demand, have no fixed repayment terms and have no stated interest rate.

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company has a 401(k) profit sharing plan (the "Plan") in which all eligible employees, as defined, can elect to participate. Employees can contribute up to 15 percent of their earnings, up to allowable IRS limits, each year. Employer contributions to the Plan are at the discretion of the Company and vest over a six-year period.

NOTE 7 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that the Company maintain a minimum net capital, as defined, and may not permit its aggregate indebtedness, as defined, to exceed fifteen times its net capital. At December 31, 2004, under the most restrictive requirement, the Company had net capital of \$837,284 which was \$737,284 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.27 to 1.

NOTE 8 - RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKERS OR DEALERS

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 (pursuant to paragraph k(2)(ii) of such Rule) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the Company is an introducing broker or dealer that clears its securities on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker. Because of such exemption, the Company is not required to prepare a determination of reserve requirements for brokers and dealers.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15C3-1 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

As of December 31, 2004

	Unaudited amount per FOCUS Report	Amounts Based on Annual Report	Difference Increase (Decrease)
Net capital - Total shareholders' equity from statement of financial condition	\$ <u>1,017,108</u>	\$ <u>1,017,108</u> (a)	\$ <u>-</u>
Deductions and/or charges: Nonallowable assets included in the following statement of financial condition captions:			
Prepaid expenses and other Commissions receivable Receivables from shareholders Office equipment	9,173 95,182 59,709 15,760	9,173 95,182 59,709 (a) 15,760	- - -
Total deductions and/or charges	179,824	179,824	
Net capital	837,284	837,284	-
Minimum net capital required	100,000	100,000	
Excess net capital	\$ <u>737,284</u>	\$ <u>737,284</u>	\$
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u>230,090</u>	\$230,090	\$ <u>-</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.27 to 1	0.27 to 1	

⁽a) The net amount of these two balances, \$957,399, comprises the shareholders' equity balance as presented on the statement of financial condition.

Certified Public Accountants and Business Consultants

<u>INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL</u> <u>ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5</u>

Board of Directors
Mischler Financial Group, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Mischler Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons;
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13; or
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph. Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2004, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Corlin & Company LLP CORBIN & COMPANY, LLP

Irvine, California January 21, 2005